# The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. V. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 18, 1868. NO. 290.


## LOCAL NOTICES.

Paper Collars

Summer Outer Cloths.

Fine Silky Hatting, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

Leather Upholstering.

Mattresses and Spring Matrass.

Dissolution.

Beautiful Trees and Accommodating Work.

Cemetery Business.

White Shirt Good and Polite Clerks, Beautiful materials in Boys' Clothing.

50 Barrels Grimes, '65.

Rare Beauties, Utensils and Confection.

Fresh Jams and Jelly Cake

Linen Goods

Do Vacation Closed In

Fine Boots and Shoes.

Fancy Hand Vases

Notice of Sale, Gas Co. Stock.

Chinas, Glass and Queensware.

## The Daily Commercial

### NEWS SUMMARY.

*BY TELEGRAPH.*

There were one hundred deaths among the little ones in New York last week, from cholera infantum.

Brick Pomeroy's new daily surprises people by being conspicuously decent.

Wm. Cornelius Vanderbilt died yesterday morning.

The colored people of New York city, at a meeting on Saturday night, completed arrangements for a demonstration in honor of the late Hon. Stevens.

Brown & Patterson's foundry, at Whitby, which employed over fifty men, was burned to the ground Sunday. The loss is estimated at thirty thousand dollars.

Frederick Jones, a Boston merchant, has given fifteen thousand dollars to the Andover Theological Seminary, towards the foundation of a Professorship of Elocution.

On Saturday night or Sunday morning, the Propos' Bank, of Baltimore, was robbed of $10,000.

Advices from Samoa, Navigator Islands, to June 16, state that the Canoe had been defeated, at Fagate, and forty of them taken prisoners, among them Samoa Alexander, who was sent to the westward.

Advices from New Caledonia to the 18th, and Sydney City to the 16th inst., state that the Suez had arrived at the capital and received from the Minister of the Interior, a remittance of five hundred men, that had been sent to Aotaroa, who is operating against Negroes. Cotema refused to join in Negroes's revolution.

Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, and other clergymen with New York congregations, preached open air sermons in various parts of the city Sunday, to generally well ordered and numerous audiences.

There were 373 deaths in Philadelphia last week, of which 32 were from cholera infantum.

Philadelphia shipped 700,000 gallons of petroleum to Europe last week.

Prof. J. L. Lincas, of Edinburg, has been appointed Professor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania.

On Saturday afternoon a thief entered a jewelry store on Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and picked up a tray of rings with which he made his escape.

Judge Brewster has decided to give the tongue of the Girard Use Estate authority to control their issues as to form with the great charter of England.

Mrs. Jane Gose died in Philadelphia on Sunday, aged one hundred and two years.

Five thousand dollars have been voted by the vestry of Trinity Church, New York, for the North Diocese fund, conditional on the subscription of the whole amount, one hundred thousand.

The next National Universalist Conference will be held in New York city October 6th. The discussion of the best methods for christianizing the masses will principally occupy the attention of the Conference.

The order of Red Men, numbering about 5,000, made an imposing procession in Philadelphia yesterday morning, on the way to a picnic at Washington square, initiating numerous members from other States, and the Grand Lodges of the United States and Pennsylvania. In the afternoon there occurred a new ball at Third and Broome streets.

At a meeting of the Water Wagons of New York yesterday, Mr. Conner stated he had been threatened with assassination. He (Conner) would be carried out the month would be the abolition of every Trades' Union in the United States. The general expression of feeling was in favor of the Union, and against the strikers and for ten hours work per day.

W. F. Rollins, formerly Treasury Agent at the Southwest, writes a letter to the New York *Sun*, defending General Grant against the charge of giving permits to trade.

The ferry boats Delaware and Colden collided in the North River yesterday afternoon, and were somewhat damaged. Nobody hurt.

The floods in Brooklyn last week, continued two hundred and sixty, including eighty from cholera infantum.

Captain Robinson and the first mate of the ship Columbia, have been discharged on the charge of inhuman treatment of a sailor which resulted in his death.

Two cases of Asiatic cholera have occurred at Sing Sing.

During an after Sunday night, at Pier No. 5, North River, New York, Wm. Post scalded and dangerously injured one Chas. Davis. The former was arrested and the latter sent to the hospital.

The cattle disease is creating great excitement among the farmers and butchers of Massachusetts. Nine animals died Sunday afternoon, and two more died yesterday morning, at a farm in Norton.

Norman Evans has sued the St. Louis *Dispatch* for libel in connection with an article recently published in the paper, charging a suit brought against Evans by Wm. Wilkie Richardson, of Pittsburgh, Evans, the breach of promise. Damages, twenty thousand.

Eight fires occurred in St. Louis city August 1st, involving a loss of the aggregate $30,000, partially insured in insurance companies $20,000.

A man named Randolph Clarke attempted to assassinate Judge Dodge, one of the most popular Justices of the Peace in St. Louis yesterday, because he lost a suit in the Judge's favor last June.

The steamer City of Boston, from Liverpool on the 5th, and Queenstown on the 6th, arrived here last night.

In view of the continued agitation of the cattle disease, which has now appeared in the Brookline district, Town Water, at Brighton, Dana Sands, Secretary, and Colonel Henry Lee, of Brookline, and Dr. Jackson, of Boston, have been appointed Commissioners for the purpose of investigating the disease, and devising means for its suppression.

The next National Democratic Convention will be held in New York city October 6th. The discussion of the best methods for christianizing the masses will principally occupy the attention of the Conference.

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## FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

### WASHINGTON.

Disbandment of Colored Militia.

Pressure for September Session.

New Orleans Collectorship.

Opinion of the Attorney General.

FUNERAL OF HON. THUMBULL.

**Special Dispatch to the Commercial.**

Washington, D. C., August 17, 1868.

**Disbandment of Militia.**

No orders from the President regarding the disbandment of colored militia in this District has reached the War Department. In fact, there is no authority by which the President can disband them, as was ascertained by him last November, when Gen. Emory received a similar order with the indorsement that no matter how no longer existed here, there was no authority by which the order could be executed. The whole matter is out of colored troops in for political effect. An order to disband some of the white companies here would have nearly meet the case.

**The September Session.**

No definite reasons have been furnished to the Congressional Committees by those now desiring a session in September. The sentiment thus far appears to be in the hands of those who favored starting a new impeachment just at the close of the session. Part of the pressure come from Washington, who want Congress to meet and legislate regarding that trade. It is known that the War Department is working most earnestly to insure peace in all parts of the South, and as yet no reasons for a September session can be discovered by such Republicans as are on the ground here.

**Funeral of Hon. Thumbull.**

The funeral of ex-Senator Thumbull will be largely attended to-day. Prominent Illinoisans and Secretaries McCulloch, Stewart, Browning and Randall were present.

**Attorney General's Opinion.**

The Attorney General's opinions of the New Orleans Collectorship and officers in Alexandria granted this evening. They take ground that the President can fill all these places. Senator Stanley to-day presented to the opinion to Mr. Rollins, on the hearing of the new tax law on distilleries has been one hundred feet apart.

**Adjourned.**

The National Convention of Tailors has adjourned, to meet next year in Pittsburgh.

**Second Session.**

Of General Grant's staff, is very ill from the effect of over hemorrhages of the lungs.

**The Missouri Circus.**

General J. B. Gray, of Missouri, is in town to receive the last of the money due the State on its war claim. The amount is about $50,000.

Washington, August 17.

[SECOND DESPATCH.]

General John A. Rawlings is confined to his bed, having had two hemorrhages of the lungs yesterday. He is, however, somewhat better, and is in hopes he will be out in a day or two.

Washington, August 17.

The following named additional payments of the army have been mustered out and honorably discharged on account of their services being no longer required by the public interest: Thomas H. Gardner, major; Lieut. Colonel W. S. Hoit, and brevet Lieut. R. F. Smoot.

Washington, August 17.

For the week ending the 15th, two hundred and eighty-five patents will be issued from the Patent Office. During the past week three hundred and eighty applications and caveats have been filed.

Washington, August 17.

The action of the navy has left publishing distillation or rectifying spirits in distilleries within six hundred feet of each other will involve serious complicated legal questions, as the opinion seems to be that the effect of the instruments so situated, and many of the largest distilleries are in this proximity. Solicitor Brentley, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, has been consulted by Commissioner Rollins on opinion on the subject, interpreting the law consistently with the above statements.

Although Attorney General Evarts has not rendered a written opinion on the question of the appointment of a Collector to Alexandria, he says the office should be left at present at once unless some legal impediment in filling it exists. He does not think that the appointment of the tenure of office act, and under the accepted construction of the constitution an emergency of the President, I have no doubt of his power to grant a commission to fill a vacancy in the office of Collector at Alexandria, which shall expire at the end of the next session of the Senate.

APPOINTMENTS TO OFFICE—CHANGE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Attorney General Evarts has given it as his opinion that the office of Collector at New Orleans is now vacant, becoming so by the resignation. The Constitution says the President shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions that shall expire at the end of their next session.

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## EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

THE DISTURBANCES IN IRELAND.

Arrival of Reverdy Johnson in England.

NEW AUSTRIAN MINISTER COMING.

Admiral Farragut Visits the Sultan.

**The Irish Troubles.**

Dublin, August 17.—Late on Saturday afternoon a Coroner's inquest was held on the body of Schultz, murdered by tenants in Tipperary on that day. After hearing a mass of evidence the jury brought in a verdict of murder, but took occasion to figure on the action of Schultz, and suggested that new and more liberal laws were needed to prevent a repetition of such scenes.

**Reverdy Johnson in England.**

London, August 17.—Reverdy Johnson, the American Minister, arrived at Southampton a few days since, and still remains in that city. He will probably leave for London to-morrow. Mr. Johnson is the object of much attention.

**New Minister Coming.**

London, August 17.—Baron Von Lehner, recently appointed Minister of Austria to Washington, and the members of the legation sailed for the United States Saturday on the steamship City.

**The Polar Expedition.**

London, August 17.—The party of Gerlache, who left Belgium, November 1, on an exploring expedition in the North Pole, was seen on the 20th of June, in latitude 67½ deg. She was steering due North. The sea was clear of ice.

**Farragut Visits the Sultan.**

Constantinople, August 17th.—Admiral Farragut, was received by Mr. Morris, Minister of the United States, had an interview with the Sultan last week, at which, after much usage of compliments and good wishes, Mr. Morris informed the Admiral that the Sultan would be pleased to pass through the Dardanelles. Admiral Farragut, accompanied by Mr. Morris, General Ignatieff, Russian Ambassador at Constantinople, last week entertained Admiral Farragut and the officers of his fleet at a grand banquet given at the British Legation.

**In London.**

London, August 17.—Hon. Reverdy Johnson, American minister, accompanied the city to-day from Southampton.

**Fury Meeting.**

London, Midnight, August 17.—A grand meeting of the Tory party was held at Crystal Palace this evening. Resolutions were adopted expressing confidence in the ministry and pledging the party to support the church, the state and constitution.

**Shipping Intelligence.**

Boston, August 17.—The steamship Scotia, from New York, arrived at Boston Harbor on the morning of the 15th.

**London Money Market.**

London, August 17.—Consols for money and account, 93¾ @ 93¾. American securities—United States five-twenties of 1862, 72½; old, 72½; new, 71½; Erie shares, 39; Illinois Central, 91; Atlantic and Great Western, 29½.

**Liverpool Markets.**

Liverpool, August 17.—Cotton active and firm; middling uplands, 12½; middling Orleans, 12½. Breadstuffs quiet. Lard and beef unchanged. Provisions unchanged.

**London Produce Market.**

London, August 17.—Spirits turpentine, 29s. 6d. Petroleum, refined, 1s. 9d.

## THADDEUS STEVENS.

Last Honors to the Departed Statesman.

IMMENSE CROWD IN LANCASTER

Impressive Funeral Ceremonies.

Lancaster, Pa., August 17.—During Saturday the remains of Mr. Stevens lay in state in the parlor of his late residence, and were visited by many hundreds of his friends and constituents, the street was crowded during the whole time. The doors were opened, early in the morning, and remained open until 10 o'clock p. m., when the doors were closed, preparatory to the removal of the remains to the cemetery, when the casket was opened and the body was viewed by the relatives and friends. The face was beaming with smiles and a rose of evergreen and white lilies. The face was beaming with smiles and a rose of evergreen and white lilies. The face was beaming with smiles and a rose of evergreen and white lilies

# The Daily Commercial

TUESDAY, MORNING, AUG. 18, 1868.

THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and goes daily into fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph literally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.

In proof of the extensive circulation of the Commercial, we will state that they are regularly served by the New York Newsroom, Shipping List, Iron Age, and other papers of the character in that and other cities, and that leading English commercial papers and circulars regularly receive them each month. There is within the limited radius, hardly an Iron Factory, Oil Refinery, or leading manufactory of any kind that is not a subscriber to the Commercial, principally because its reports are the only full and reliable guide of the Pittsburgh markets.


## National Union Republican Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL OF PENNA.

JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL OF PENNA.

JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

CONGRESS—THIRD DISTRICT.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

### PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE.

G. Morgan Curtin, of Philadelphia.
Gen. H. Wentworth, of Pittsburgh.

| District. | District. |
|---|---|
| 1. W. H. Rorer, | 13. Samuel Evans, |
| 2. E. D. Dolbey, | 14. Hon. H. Wilson, |
| 3. Richard Wigley, | 15. Chas. H. Miller, |
| 4. G. W. Hill, | 16. John Stewart, |
| 5. Watson P. Wolfe, | 17. George W. Biles, |
| 6. Hon. Thos. Williams, | 18. Col. Wm. Armstrong, |
| 7. Frank C. Brunner, | 19. James Gill, |
| 8. Isaac Schoch, | 20. H. C. Johnson, |
| 9. Maj. Wm. Rudy, | 21. S. L. Gregg, |
| 10. Hon. Jos. Bailey, | 22. Wm. Hasson, |
| 11. Capt. W. Reed, | 23. A. W. Crawford, |
| 12. Wm. Davis, | 24. J. S. Rhone. |

### COUNTY TICKET.

SHERIFF—DAVID W. GEALY.

CORONER—GEORGE WILSON, WILLIS A. HAMILTON, VINCENT WILLIAMS, JAMES TAYLOR, SAMUEL KERR, GEORGE F. BERGER.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY—ALFRED L. PEARSON.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY—J. S. BLACK.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER—HENRY LOWRIE.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER—JONATHAN MILLER.

COUNTY SURVEYOR—S. S. MCCLURE.

DIRECTOR OF POOR—J. G. MURPHY.

### CITY TICKET.

MAYOR—JAMES M. GUSKY.

CONTROLLER—ROBERT J. MONTGOMERY.

TREASURER—A. J. CORTELYOU.

To move the crops to market, it is stated that eleven millions dollars went West from New York last week. This sum-total, spread through the great producing regions of the country will exert a favorable influence in every branch of business.

The establishment of a Protestant convent in Venice would seem to be contemplated by the policy of Mr. Seward, as indicated in his instructions to General Rosecrans. More territory and further annexation must be the necessary consequence, and it is not difficult to believe that to the completion will our relations with Mexico verge at last.

The German vote in New York city for Governor of that city will be large, the movement among them resembling that which gave Lincoln almost their entire strength. The activity of Grace's character, his great public services and the confidence in him thereby in his ability to manage the affairs of the nation at this peculiar juncture, shows all the attitude of Democracy during the war, and the avowed intention of the rebel leaders—who have come to be the leaders of the Democratic party—to defeat the verdict of the great struggle, since Germans everywhere to turn to him almost as a body. From the Boston *Post* correspondent is forced to exclaim that "the vote for Grace will be considerably larger than the same vote for the Radical ticket last fall."

The New York correspondent of the Boston *Post* speaks despondingly of the prospect for securing for Seymour and Blair support from the federal office-holders in New York. The writer says: "The patronage of the Administration there is in the hands of men who will use it to the utmost." Those who hold the offices, he says, call themselves conservatives, and take their cue "from Seymour and the New York *Times*." The writer goes on to say:

> [illegible] Seymour and Blair, and will do it openly. Many of them have been appointed by Johnson, and are his personal friends. Others are Democrats, who, while they will not openly oppose the ticket, will not work for it. Many of the Democratic leaders in the city are in favor of Chief Justice Chase for President, and will not work for Seymour and Blair. Many of the Democratic leaders are in favor of Chief Justice Chase for President, and will not work for Seymour and Blair. Many of the Democratic leaders are in favor of Chief Justice Chase for President, and will not work for Seymour and Blair.

Now what can be said for a cause or confidence that bases the support of a vast body of men animated with the Ku Klux spirit? Means it anything that the backbone of the Seymour and Blason party is composed of this class?

### TROUBLES IN TIPPERARY.

The old, old game of shooting landagents has been revived in Ireland, reciting piracy, that experience has been thrown away on the "Tipperary Boys," who will not learn that they cannot conquer by brute force. It is a singular fact that nearly the whole of the troubled districts of Ireland are intensely Catholic. While the North of Ireland is peaceable, enriching and improved by scientific and practical agriculturists and manufacturers, the South, genuine much as of yore, without energy, amongst its people to elevate the masses, or power to cope with unfavorable circumstances, by which they are surrounded.

It would be idle to decry the causes of complaint. The Irish have been oppressed for centuries, but have not shown that spirit of determination to remove grievances, which would have led to happier results than those contained in the cable dispatches of yesterday morning. It is, however, a sign of improvement that similar outbreaks here from comparatively rare the last few years, contrasted with the regular order of things vengeance nearly a quarter of a century since. For Ireland, and towards its freedom and renovation, all good Republicans have warm sympathy. They know the eloquence and opprobrious ritual of its people, feel that they have suffered long, suffered bravely, and in the spirit of true national philanthropy, Americans desire to see the application of some potent remedy to those national disasters that evoke mingled feelings of sorrow and shame. There may be more of momentary action or agitation wrongs in Ireland without a solution of the national difficulties being stated. The cause lies deep, is of mental as well as material character, and will have to be viewed in that light before organization from ignorance and its baneful attendants can there cease.

Callaghanly Indianaism has not been in the battle ground for the chief chambers of Protestantism and Roman Catholicism, religion and Ribbonism are in deadly array. Enough here on the same soil, leaving the legends of their common country, they are ambitiously hostile to each other as the flows were to the Samothian. Nor has the history of the past two centuries only a half done much to soften the asperities of national idiosyncratic dissimilarity. While the name of Cromwell is held in high esteem by some intelligent Irishmen, his memory is hating with curses by Ribbonmen. He is not a favorite in the minds of emigrants. These relics in the establishment clinch of Protestantism, and the [illegible] of the proposed bill of the government to disestablish the institution, with certain disposition of Ribbonism about the proposed measure, not from any love they have for religious freedom, but rather for the advantages they think they shall gain over their ancient and present foes. To us, looking upon all wars religious as opposed to the free living of the human soul, and injurious in their influence when they exist, half of the woes that afflict Ireland are traceable to those bitter animosities that mar her national life. It is surely the source of disorder we reported from the North of Ireland. For the compensation freedom from murder and regular there must be order, to the confidence will our relations with Mexico verge at last.

### TO WHAT END?

One would naturally suppose that, after what the country has experienced, no one need be cautioned against nations. The words seem, and spirit manifested by all the leaders of the rebellion, taken in connection with the fact that with a tinker of their every, and a party coherence to their decision, they lead the opposition against Seward, should at once command for him the support of all loyal men. Nor the threats, acts of violence, offensive boasts, and other belligerent manifestations on the part of Seymour leaders, pro-rebel, the living on Sumter, were not so well accredited to alarm the patriot as what we every day see and hear from the supporters of Seymour and Blair. Another rebellion is openly threatened and there is being plotted. Say, if you will, not so active, to such a head, and not half will be attempted—is not that half too much? The second fact is, that nothing during the Seymour and Blair ticket is a purpose just as reprehensible as the rebellion. Its advocates—everywhere meeting into be seen and heard, *refused to renounce the action of the war.* The old rebel leaders, now restored to the leadership of the Democratic party, more fresh than before, do not hesitate to declare that "in the election of Seymour and Blair we will be worse off than we were before the war." The old rebel leaders, now restored to the leadership of the Democratic party, more fresh than before, do not hesitate to declare that "in the election of Seymour and Blair we will be worse off than we were before the war."

Now, with these facts before us, with the knowledge that the success of Seymour and Blair will be the success of the rebellion, what is the end to which the Democratic party is tending? Is it to the overthrow of the Government? Is it to the establishment of a Southern Confederacy? Is it to the [illegible] of the Union? Is it to the [illegible] of the Union? Is it to the [illegible] of the Union

# The Daily Commercial

THE MANUFACTURING STEEL TRADE OF ENGLAND.

Great Improvements Introduced.

The Bessemer Process.

Its Rapid Introduction.

Its Economy and Superiority.

Its Effect on Iron Manufacture.

Its Effect on Coal Mining.

Its Effect on Labor.

Its Effect on Capital.

Its Effect on Commerce.

Its Effect on Prices.

Its Effect on Wages.

Its Effect on Profits.

Its Effect on Trade.

Its Effect on Manufacturers.

Its Effect on Workmen.

Its Effect on Consumers.

Its Effect on Everything.

Its Effect on Nothing.

Its Effect on Anything.

Its Effect on Something.

Its Effect on Nothing.

Its Effect on Everything

COMMERCIAL DIRECTORY.

AGRICULTURAL.

ADVERTISING AGENTS.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

BRICK MANUFACTURERS.

BELTING AND HOSE.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

BROKER.

BOILERS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

COFFEE LIGHTNING RODS.

CARPETS.

CRACKER BAKERS.

DRY GOODS.

DRUGGISTS.

CRUCIBLES—WHOLESALE.

ENGINE BUILDER.

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

FENCES, IRON RAILINGS.

FILE MANUFACTURERS.

FURNISHING GOODS.

FOUNDRIES.

FLOUR DEALER.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

GAS FITTERS, PLUMBERS.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

GROCERS.

GUNS, AMMUNITION, &C.

HARDWARE.

HAIR WORKERS.

IRON WORK.

IRON SAFES, &C.

INSURANCE.

JEWELERS.

LOOKING GLASSES.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

MARBLE YARD.

MUSIC DEALERS.

MECHAN'L ENGINEERING.

MILLINERY, &C.

MACHINERY.

NEWSPAPERS.

PHYSICIAN.

PLANING MILL.

PATENTS.

PAPER AND PAPER STOCK.

ROOFING.

CLOTH DEALERS.

STEEL WORKS.

STEAM PUMPS.

SPICES, COFFEES, &C.

STOVES AND CRATES

STOVES AND TINWARE.

SEGARS.

STORAGE.

TRUNKS, VALISES, &C.

TOBACCO.

TINNERS' STOCK.

VINEGAR.



The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.


PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE

THE CAMPAIGN.

Enthusiastic Republican Meeting in the Thirteenth Ward.

Speeches by J. E. McKelvy, John S. Lambie and E. P. Jones, Esqrs.

CRIME REPORTS

United States District Court—Bankruptcy Business.

The City Poor—Letter from Philip Wise Soldier.

Road Salem Suits.

An Unsafe Step in the Lock-Up.

Another Runaway in Allegheny City.

The Ohio Election—Running of the Returns Delayed.


Furniture, Carpets, Queensware, Sewing Machines, Cigars, Tobacco, Soaps, Shotguns, Rifled Rods, &c., at auction on Wednesday (to-morrow) at 10 A. M., and 2 and 7 P. M. See advertisement of Palmer and Phillips, Auctioneers, Opera House Auction Rooms, No. 60 Fifth street. No reserve.

Very Low Prices at Palmer & Phillip's

Opera House Auction Rooms, No. 63 Fifth street. Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets, Straw Goods, Fancy Goods, Quilts and Notions, by private sales, at auction prices, to close consignments. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Wrapping Paper Manufactory—Messrs. Frazier, Metzger & Co.

By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that the Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Company have sold to Messrs. Frazier, Metzger & Co., its Wrapping Paper Mill at Beaver Falls, and commend the new firm to the patronage of their customers. The gentlemen named have formed a co-partnership under the style of Frazier, Metzger & Co., for the manufacture and sale of Wrapping Paper, of every variety. The office and warehouse of the concern as heretofore at No. 82 Third street. The parties of the new firm are all experienced in the paper manufacturing business, having been engaged in it from ten to twenty-seven years. They will keep on hand a full assortment of News and Book Printing Paper from the Clinton Paper Mills, and special attention will be given to the manufacture of odd sizes of Manilla, Straw, Rag and Hardware Papers, also, Tark and Roofing Papers.

We can commend this firm as every way reliable, and their reputation in the mills which they represent is a command for their extensive patronage. Their facilities are such that they are enabled to produce the very best goods in their line at the lowest rates, and guarantee entire satisfaction to their customers.

See Bunch of Grapes

On Stanford in another column. SPEER'S STANDARD WINE BITTERS is highly recommended by physicians for Dyspepsia, on account of its tonic properties, its purity, and its delicious flavor. THS

Dr. Aborn, Eye and Ear Surgeon and Physician for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Office 134 Smithfield street.

The Body Renewed.

According to Physiology late, the human body is renewed once in seven years. Every day, every hour, every moment, the flesh, the carcass, bone and muscle of the frame are wasting away, and a new living structure replaced by new material. Health depends upon the nature of that material, and whether it shall be pure or diseased, full of vitality and elasticity, or filled with the seeds of disease. The digestive organs, and the stomach in particular, is the great laboratory where our solid and liquid food is prepared for the nourishment of the system in every rapid, and if it is not rapidly repaired by the great sustaining principles of record, is, perhaps, may have no pecuniary interest in the franchise. Thus, during the Erie war, when Commodore Vanderbilt had invested ten millions of dollars in Erie stocks. It was well known that great measure by parties who were hostile to his interest, and the books were closed. Whenever he wished to transfer shares, he issued fresh certificates were provided for him, until he concluded that the printing press was more powerful than his favorite weapons of warfare. He therefore issued a million in Erie last week, which was abandoned by him, after carrying it down 11 per cent., on the reflection that the present management had decided to leave the Atlantic and Great Western, and the Lake Shore and Erie, and after the leases were consummated, an issue of stock of twenty or thirty millions more or less.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

(Successors to S. JONES & Co.,)

Cor. Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Sts.

City of Pittsburgh 7 Per Cent.

Water Loan Extension Bonds

EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY, AND CITY TAXATION.

FOR SALE AT

PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

LETTERS OF CREDIT,

AVAILABLE IN ANY PART OF EUROPE.

Sight Drafts

On all the Principal Cities of the Continent.

GOVERNMENT AND PACIFIC R. R. BONDS, GOLD AND COUPONS,

CouPONs,

Bought and Sold on the Most Favorable Terms,

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker,

Corner WOOD and FIFTH.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,

Bankers and Brokers,

14 WALL STREET,

NEW YORK.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES of all kinds bought and sold at market rates.

INTEREST allowed on deposits of GOLD or CURRENCY subject to check on demand.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Sterling Exchange, Bonds, Stocks and Gold on commission.

We are constantly represented in the Board of Stock Brokers, and in the Gold Exchange by one of our firm. P. O. Box 4,202.


## FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY EVENING, August 17.

The flow of currency from the East to the West has caused a more active market at the eastern centers. It is reported that eleven millions in money has come West last week by express, and a similar amount is now ordered for the present week. The New York bank statement is regarded as unfavorable for borrowers, and has stiffened rates at least one per cent. Call loans are quoted at four to five per cent.

—Our local market is working with extreme ease. Acceptable borrowers have no trouble in obtaining all the accommodations asked for. Trade is dull and the demand for money is limited.

—The market for Government bonds has been very weak. We notice a decline in 5-20's at Frankfort during the last three days of 1¼ per cent., which illustrates that the large shipments from New York for the past month have overstocked the German market. German bankers are not at present buyers. The quotations to-day show a further decline.

Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

| | Morn. | Noon. | Closing |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1881's & ... | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ |
| 1881's, 2d ... | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ |
| 1881's, 3d ... | 114¾ | 114¾ | 114¾ |
| 1881's, 4th ... | 109¾ | 109¾ | 109¾ |
| 1881's, 5th ... | 109¾ | 109¾ | 109¾ |
| 10-40's ... | 104¾ | 104¾ | 104¾ |
| 7-30's, 1st ... | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ |
| 7-30's, 2d ... | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ |
| 7-30's, 3d ... | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ |
| Gold ... | 140¾ | 140¾ | 140¾ |

James T. Brady & Co., bankers, corner of Fourth and Wood streets, furnish the annexed quotations of fluctuations of prices for government securities:

| | Aug. 15. | Aug. 17. | Inc. | Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6's of '81 ... | 114¾ | 114¾ | | |
| 6's of '81, 2d ... | 114¾ | 114¾ | | |
| 6's of '81, 3d ... | 114¾ | 114¾ | | |
| 6's of '81, 5th ... | 109¾ | 109¾ | | |
| 10-40's ... | 104¾ | 104¾ | | |
| 7-30's, 1st ... | 107¾ | 107¾ | | |
| 7-30's, 2d ... | 107¾ | 107¾ | | |
| 7-30's, 3d ... | 107¾ | 107¾ | | |
| Gold ... | 140¾ | 140¾ | | |
| Total ... | | | | 1,909 |

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lewis & Woods ... | 300 | D M Egerton ... 250 |
| Hasson & Co ... | 200 | Nat Refg Co ... 160 |
| P Weltherberger ... | 80 | Markisdell ... 42 |
| Wm Nicholson ... | 253 | Mawhinney Bros ... 158 |
| Total ... | | 1,909 |

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

McCreery & Beaumont, 259 bbl ref to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 400 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.

Bigham, Kelsew & Co, 42 bbls tar to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.

Bigham, Kelsew & Co, 158 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.

Livingston & Bro, 200 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.

Lyon, Bros, 50 bbl benzole to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Lyon, Bros, 50 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Neal, Dilworth & St. Co, 50 bbls ref to F A Dilworth, Phila.

J W Marshall & Co, 150 bbls tar to Waring, King & Co, Phila.

Wetmore, Myers & Co, 209 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.

Total shipments Refined ... 1,676 bbls

Benzole ... 50 bbls

Tar ... 350 bbls

Oil Shipped East from Duquesne depot.

Hutchinson Oil Refining Co, 112 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Hutchinson Oil Refining Co, 24 bbl benzole to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.

J. D. Lyon, 50 bbls benzole to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Lyon, Bros, Manchester, 167 bbls benz to W P Logan & Bro, Phila.

Kirkpatrick & Lyon, 100 bbls benzole to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

J. W. Marshall & Co, 301 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co, Phila.

Warden & Batchelder, 72 bbls ref to Warden, F & Co, Phila.

Bowen, Ballantine & Co, 71 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Phila.

Fawcett, Logan & Co, 300 bbl ref to Tack Bros, Phila.

Total shipments refined ... 1,113 bbls.

Total daily marks benzole ... 314 bbls.

## ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY EVENING, August 17, 1868.

CATTLE—There was again a very dull supply of cattle on sale to-day, and with only a moderate local demand and but little inquiry for shipment, the market was a little heavy, and when we left the yards on Liberty street, no lower grades were sold but quites a number left over unsold. The greater portion of the cattle on sale this week were from Ohio and Pennsylvania, with two or three small droves from Indiana and Kentucky; so far as we could learn, there was not a single bullock here from Illinois, and until the cattle plague epidemic has entirely died out, the fewer that are brought here from that State the better. There is very strong feeling against cattle coming from that State, as it was there the infected cattle came from, and while we have no doubt but what there are plenty of sound and healthy cattle in Illinois, our butchers prefer buying cattle from some other local-ity, and we have no doubt but that previous to the panic in consequence of the cattle disease, the best beef cattle in this market came from Chicago, and they brought a bigger price than other cattle on sale, while since the time above referred to, Illinois stock has been at a discount.

Prime to extra butchers cattle sold to-day at from 7c to 7½c, though it should be borne in mind that nothing but the very best cattle brought these figures. We are cognizant of good retailing cattle having been sold at 6½@7c, and many of what are considered our best butchers are not paying above these figures. Stock cattle, for which there is a moderate demand, may be quoted at 3½@4c, according to quality and condition. Bulls, of which there was a fair supply, sold at from 2½@4½c.

Cullen sold 17 head of prime Indiana steers to Moses & Co. at 7½c.

Woodward to Duffy, 26 head of common mixed Indiana stock at 6½@6c.

Wood ward to Duffy, 6 head Indiana bulls and stags at 3½@3c.

Wick & Co., 31 head of common Butler county stags and heifers at 3½@4c.

Rothschilds & Ka r 20 head of mixed Tuscarawas county stock at 6@7c.

L Rothschilds sold 30 head of good to prime Washington county steers at $6@7 50; 22 head Butler county steers and heifers at $4@5 75.

M Verner sold 15 head of Ohio steer for Campbell at $6@6 50.

Taylor sold 21 head common stock to Verner at $4@5, who retailed the same cattle at 5@6c.

C A Taylor sold 20 head Western Reserve cows and heifers at $4@5 75.

Kunz & Hare sold 41 head Ohio cattle at $4@6 75.

Myers & Needy sold 68 heads o' Ohio stock at $4@7.

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold 39 head for Campbell at $6@7; 2 for Shoemaker at $5 50@7 75; 18 for Shepard at $4@5—all from Ohio.

Greenwald & Kahn sold 39 head good Ohio steers at $6@7 50; 20 head Pennsylvania stock at $4@6; 13 head from Butler county, for Emmell & Co., at $4@5.

S. Marks & Bro., 20 head of prime Kentucky steers at $7@7 50; 17 Ohio steers at $5 50@6 50.

S. Trautman, 61 head from Washington county and 19 head from Ohio at $5 50@6 75.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co., 52 head mixed stock, all on commission, at $4 25@6 50.

Hedges & Taylor sold 20 head for Keenan at $5 25@6; 20 head for Kreyer at $5 50@6 50; 30 head for other parties at $4@5 50.

L. & J. Shamberg, 10 head Pennsylvania stock, price not given.

Hess, 10 head at $4@4 75. J. Davis, 2 head unsold.

Stasely & Bro., 29 head of fairish Pennsylvania steers at $5 50.

The total number of cattle reported sold reached eight hundred and fifty-six head; now we have no doubt there were fifty one hundred head left over, so that the whole number of cattle on sale would foot up nine hundred and fifty head, against about seven hundred last week.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.—There was again a very large supply of sheep and lambs on sale to-day, every available penn being full to overflowing, and the market was an exceedingly hard one, and a large number would have to be left over unsold. Notwithstanding this, however, there were but really few prime fat sheep in market, and those who were so fortunate as to have good mutton sheep, experienced no difficulty in selling, and that, too, at good prices. Common and inferior grades, however, were exceedingly dull, and, as a general thing, the butchers bought their own prices, and from 2½@3c ₱ lb. or 3@3½c ₱ head; some few good fat sheep sold at from $5 50@6 ₱ head. The sales reported were as follows:

Anderson wholesaled 120 head, averaging 90 ₱s, to Deitrich, at $4 15.

J. R. Pringle 91 head common Mercer county sheep, at $4@4 50 ₱ head.

Barnhart sold 42 lambs for Douglas at $3@3 12½ ₱ head, and had 62 head sheep for Heckathorn unsold.

Beeler reports having sold 87 head at $1 for sheep and $2 for lambs.

Fleming & Sutherlandsville 220 head sheep and lambs at $4@4 50.

Emmell, Fowler & Co. 490 head; sold sheep at $4 50@5, and lambs at $5 50@6 50.

Stasely & Bro. 200 head; sold sheep at $2@3, and lambs at $5 50@6 50.

Adam Eckert 94 lambs at $4@3 ₱ head.

Kaufman 93 head Washington county sheep at $5@5 ½ head.

Welsh 20 head; sold 19 head at $1 75.

Jeffers sold 42 head sheep at $1 50; expect to sell 150 head more at $1.

J. Hinn sold 70 head at 2½@3½c; 205 unsold, had an offer of $1 75 ₱ head.

Wick & Co. 50 head sheep at $4@5.

J. F. Neely 96 lambs at 7½@$2 25.

Hall & Emery 140 from Lawrence & Co.; sold sheep at $4 50@5, and lambs at $ @$2 25.

Seymour & Co. had 200 head, sheep and lambs, which it was expected would have to be driven out to pasture again.

Shaw wholesaled 70 head lambs to Seymour & Co., at $1 25 ₱ head.

Lindsay reports having sold 26 head sheep at $1 25, and 156 head lambs at same figures.

Hogs—The hog market is quiet and unchanged. The demand at these yards is almost entirely of a retail character, and we quote a retail way at from 9½@9¾c, gross, for prime to heavy averages.

## PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY EVENING, August 17, 1868.

There is nothing new or important to notice in our general markets since our last issue. Trade, as is usually the case on Monday, was dull and prices nominal. The demand is restricted almost entirely to supplying immediate wants. The receipts of produce continue light but adequate to meet all current wants at present prices. Since our last we note receipts as follows: Flour, 262 barrels; Apples, 25 barrels; cheese, 97 boxes; corn, 210 sacks; wheat, 1,342 sacks; barley, 70 sacks; oats, 1,493 sacks; butter, 28 packages, and bulk meats (loose) 2,700 pieces.

We quote as follows, which are the current wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—Receipts fair and market dull at $@$4 50 ₱ barrel.

BUTTER—In good supply and in steady demand with sales of good to strictly prime at 30@35c.

EGGS—Continue very dull, with a supply largely in excess of the demand; we continue to quote at 16@18c.

CHEESE—Is steady but unchanged at 14@15c for Western Reserve and Hamburg; 16@17c for Factory, and 19@20c for Limburger.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons at $20@28 00 ₱ ton.

POTATOES—Market quiet with good receipts. We quote the best dull at $4 00 ₱ bbl.

BACON, LARD, ETC.—The demand continues good and prices still looking up. We quote shoulders 14c; sides 16@17c; clear sides 18½@19c; sugar-cured hams 20@22c; lard in tierces 19¼c ₱ lb, and mess pork $38 50 ₱ bbl.

LARD OIL—Demand good and market tending to advance in prices. We quote extra No. 1 at $1 50, and No. 2 at $1 20 ₱ gallon.

ONIONS—We note small sales at $4 25@4 50 ₱ bbl.

SEEDS—Flax seed is in fair request at $2 ₱ bush. There is no movement in clover or timothy seed, and we quote prices nominally for the former at $8 00, and for the latter, $3@3 25 ₱ bush.

SALT—Is quiet and unchanged at $1 70@1 80 to the trade, and $2 in the retail way.

MILL FEED—The following are the Pearl Mill prices, wholesale: Bran $1 10; shipstuffs $1 30; middlings $1 70, and screenings $1 ₱ hundred.

GRAIN—Wheat is coming in more freely, though the mills continue to take all that offers at $1 10@2 15 for red, and $2 10@2 20 for white. New oats are also arriving quite freely, and we now quote at 60@65c. Sales of old oats from store at 82@85c ₱ bush. From elevator we note small sales of corn at $1 10@1 12 ₱ bush. Small sales of old rye at $1 45 and new at $1 30 @1 40 ₱ bush. The receipts of rye are very light and the demand is good at quotations. There is considerable inquiry for barley, but, as yet, the arrivals have been small, and few of several contracts having been made at $1 60@1 70, delivered here.

CORN MEAL—We notice a superior article of Pearl Mill manufacture at $4 50 ₱ barrel.

FLOUR—The market is quiet with a moderate demand for supplying current wants. Prices are without material change, and we quote from store choice spring brands $11; good spring do $9@10 75, and fancy winter wheat flour $10 75@11 50 ₱ barrel. The demand for fresh ground mill articles is large, and we quote the Pearl Mills and City Mills prices as follows: Fancy, in barrels, $11 50@12; choice do, $11; wholesale in sacks by the barrel $10 75, and retail ₱ single sack $2 50; extra family flour in barrels, $10 50, and retail $11; wholesale in sacks by the barrel $10, and retail $11 ₱ barrel.

RYE FLOUR—In mod ight with a few sales reported at $8 25@8 50 ₱ barrel.

### PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY EVENING, August 17, 1868.

BUSINESS—The oil market yesterday exhibited some slight signs of life, buyers having made up their minds to purchase a few thousand barrels merely to see how it would go. Crude oil was firm, holders refusing to take less than 10c, and refined was more active at a slight advance. The Eastern markets were reported quiet. Philadelphia—Prime light straw to white 32c; standard white 32½@33c; crude, including packages, 21½c. New York—Prime light straw to white 32c; standard white 33c; crude, bulk, 19c.

HAZLETON OIL—Attracted more attention. Buyers were more inclined to purchase. Prices were slightly higher. We can report the following sales: 1,000 bbls standard white, Philadelphia, August, 33c; sales 1,000 bbls do, August, 33½c; sales 1,000 bbls do, September, 33½c; sales 1,000 bbls do, October, 33½c; 1,000 do September, 33½c, and 1,000 do, October, 33½c; sales 1,000 bbls do, August, 33½c; sales 1,000 bbls do, September, 33½c, October, 33½c.

BENZOLE—Sales 500 bbls, Philadelphia, immediate delivery, 50c.

CRUDE OIL—Dealers held out for an advance and refused to give way. We can report the following: 3,000 bbls bulk, spot, 19½c; 1,000 bbls, packages refined, 19c; sales 1,000 bbls, seller's option till December 1st, 12½c. Dispatches from Oil City report the market firm, with holders on the Creek asking $4 75@4 85 ₱ bbl, according to location. At the Run the quotations of prices for government securities:

Wednesday, August 17, 1868.

The New York railway market opened weak, with a general disposition to sell. Erie selling at 81¾. Later, a reactionary movement set in, carrying Erie up to 82¼ and causing a general improvement throughout the list.

The following table, made up from dispatches received at J. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo Building, No. 80 Fourth street, shows the prices of Railway Stocks, Gold, &c., at the various sessions of the New York Boards during the day:

| August 17 1868. | 10 | 10:30 | 11:00 | 12:30 | 1:30 | 3 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Erie ... | 82¼ | 82¼ | 82¼ | 82¼ | 82¼ | 82¼ | 82¼ |
| Cleveland & Pittsburgh ... | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne ... | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ | 97¾ |
| Chicago & Rock Island ... | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| Pittsburgh & Connellsville ... | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| Michigan Central ... | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 |
| Michigan Southern ... | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ |
| Illinois Central ... | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 |
| Cleveland & Toledo ... | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 |
| Chicago & Northwestern ... | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ |
| Fort Wayne ... | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ |
| Ohio & Mississippi ... | 37¾ | 37¾ | 37¾ | 37¾ | 37¾ | 37¾ | 37¾ |
| New York Central ... | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ | 127¾ |
| Rock Island ... | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| Cash ... | | | | | | | |
| 1881's ... | | | | | | | |
| 1881's, 2d ... | | | | | | | |
| 1881's, 3d ... | | | | | | | |
| 1881's, 5th ... | | | | | | | |
| 10-40's ... | | | | | | | |
| 7-30's, 1st ... | | | | | | | |
| 7-30's, 2d ... | | | | | | | |
| 7-30's, 3d ... | | | | | | | |
| Gold ... | 140¾ | 140¾ | 140¾ | 140¾ | 140¾ | 140¾ | 140¾ |

—As the recent break in Erie has absorbed the attention of operators in stocks, it may not be amiss to reproduce the speculations of the New York Sun on the subject. It says: The movements in Erie attracts more attention, as it is evident that the present management are working for continued control by flooding the market with new issues. It is well known that the stockholders of record have the power at the election instead of the holders of the certificates.

The dealings in the street do not require a transfer of the stock—but a simple indorsement—and as few desire to be permanent holders, no change is made upon the books. Whenever the transfer office shall have been closed the control of the road may be in the hands of holders of record, who, perhaps, may have no pecuniary interest in the franchise. Thus, during the Erie war, when Commodore Vanderbilt had invested ten millions of dollars in Erie stocks, it was well known that great measure by parties who were hostile to his interest, and the books were closed. Whenever he wished to transfer shares, he issued fresh certificates were provided for him, until he concluded that the printing press was more powerful than his favorite weapons of warfare. He therefore issued a million in Erie last week, which was abandoned by him, after carrying it down 11 per cent., on the reflection that the present management had decided to leave the Atlantic and Great Western, and the Lake Shore and Erie, and after the leases were consummated, an issue of stock of twenty or thirty millions more or less.

It has been a favorite plan with the managers of the Erie to consolidate their road with the Boston, Hartford and Erie, but it was never contemplated to issue shares of the one for the other. The recent advance of Boston, Hartford and Erie, (it is now quoted at 82@83,) and of Erie, if nothing new issue of Erie stock should be authorized.

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### Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, August 17.—Flour quiet and heavy. Wheat dull and lower; sales 1,000 bush white at $2 70@2 75; fair to prime do at $2 60@2 70; low grades do at $2 40@2 50; red at $2 30@2 40. Corn dull at 80@81c for yellow ₱ 10@11 bush. Oats dull at 50@55c. Rye dull at $1 30@1 35. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Coffee dull and nominal. Whiskey firm at 26@26½c for Ohio ₱ gallon.

### Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, August 17.—Cotton nominally unchanged. Flour dull; superfine $7 50@8 00. Wheat 5@7½ lower; sales 1,000 bush at $2 30@2 35 for red. Corn weak at $1 05@1 06. Pork steady at $27 50@28 00. Lard dull at 17½@18c. Bacon dull; shoulders 14½@15c, hams 20@22c. Coffee dull and nominal. Whiskey dull at $2 25@2 30.

### Detroit Market.

DETROIT, August 17.—Flour quiet and unchanged; receipts in brisk demand; at $11 00@11 75 for family; choice at $12; choice to extra at $12 50@13 50. Wheat active and unchanged at $2 30 for No. 1 white; $2 20@2 25 for No. 2, and $2 15 for No. 1 amber.

### Philadelphia Cattle Market.

PHILADELPHIA, August 17.—Beeves in fair demand and unchanged; 1,000 sold at 8@9c for extra Pennsylvania and western steers; 8@8½c for fair to good do; 6@7½c gross for common. Sheep in fair demand; 4,000 head at unchanged prices as to common. Hogs in fair demand at an advance; sales 2,000 at $@9@9½c net.

## Iron at Boston.

The market for pig iron continues very firm, with a short supply of the better grades and a fair demand for immediate use. The late receipts of South have had no perceptible influence, the bulk having been sold previous to arrival. Freights from Liverpool have lately advanced as per ton, and this, added to the rise in gold, has so increased the cost of importation, that involves now coming forward cannot be sold at paying rates.

The choice brands of American are very scarce and prices of No. 1 have further advanced. The seasonable production of this grade has been mostly a failure; contracts of Pennsylvania iron masters remain unfilled, and the late disturbances in that region have seriously affected the smaller class of furnaces.

The market for manufactured iron is generally firmer, with an improved demand for some descriptions and a material advance in pig metal. Builders' hardware is active and tending up. Iron pipes, of every description, are in demand and higher. Machine iron is firmer, and store prices have advanced in New York.

The Bulletin reports Scotch pig firm, with small sales of Glenkerden and other brands No. 1, in lots of 100 tons, at $@$ 00 for the various sales of retail lots. Bar iron in demand and higher, with sales of Juniata, Charcoal Pig is selling at $@$00 00 ₱ ton, as to brands. Bar iron is in fair demand at unchanged prices, with sales of moderate description, from store, at $@$00 00 ₱ ton for common American, from store, and $@$00 00 ₱ ton for common refined, and $@$00 00 ₱ ton for refined iron in bond. English bar iron is in fair demand, with sales at $@$00 00 ₱ ton for ordinary to good, and 1¾@2c ₱ lb for assorted sizes. Nail rods are in fair demand, at $ 3@$ 00 ₱ keg for cast, and $ 75@$ 00 for wrought scrap.

## Wool at Boston.

The Boston wool market during the past week has been fairly active, and prices, according to the Bulletin, a shade firmer for some desirable grades of combing and delaine staple, wanted for immediate use. Some holders are also asking an advance on the low and medium grades of fleece, which are still very much in demand for, and in relatively small supply. But manufacturers, though they are still selling their low priced fabrics more freely, do not readily pay higher rates for raw material. Hence, the increased pretensions of sellers, with consumers generally stocked ahead, operate rather to check sales.

Nevertheless, it is pretty certain that wool prices have touched bottom, and the prospect is good for a material improvement at no distant day. The receipts are falling off, and are likely to be very much so, at least till after the harvest. Besides, all the wool that has been bought up thus can be obtained on the basis of prices now ruling in the Eastern markets, and the balance of the clip is in strong hands and firmly held for an advance. The needy class of growers and shippers have sold out, and there are no cheap lots now coming or pressing on the market.

In view of this improved condition of things there is a stronger tone to the market. Holders are less anxious to realize, knowing their stocks cannot be replaced in the West, at the ruling currency; and many consignors have lately instructed their agents not to forward for sale, unless they can obtain the cost of wool in the country. One adverse influence, however, is the expense thirty-two cents a pound, by way of New Orleans, while by the Lake route the inland wool re forty-three cays, and the freight fifty-eight cents a bushel.

Ohio XX and above is in demand, and the basis of the clip will be governed by it. Medium and low grades are dull and nominal. Wheat active and higher at $@$ 00 for No. 1 in store; $1 78@1 80 for No. 2.

## Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, August 17.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat—Market closing firmer; new wheat quoted at $2 25, and white $2 35. Corn dull and weak; sales 40,000 bush at 90c. Oats dull and lower; sales 140,000 bush new. Western at 58c, and 60@61c bush prime at 62c. Rye unchanged.

## Albany Cattle Market.

ALBANY, August 17.—The cattle trade is extremely dull, owing to the exaggerated reports about the cattle disease. The receipts have been diminished very considerably, and what few buyers are present show no disposition to speculate. The receipts thus far are 4,500 and 1,000 head held over since last week. Extra cattle could be obtained at 6½@7c, the outside for good fattening stock. About 50 head were condemned by the inspectors. Sheep range from 3½@6c, with a comparatively fair demand.

## Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, August 17.—Tobacco market quiet and unchanged. Whiskey lower; sales at 27c. Flour at $7 25 for superfine. Wheat: red at $2 10@2 20. Oats 45@50c. Corn 85@90c. Rye $2 25. Pork $28@28 50. Bacon shoulders 14c; clear rib sides 17c; clear sides 18c. Lard in kegs 19c; clear sides 16½c. Whisky —Raw free at $1 27@1 30.

## RIVER TELEGRAMS.

### Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., August 17, 1868.

River at a stand, with fifteen inches in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer seventy-six W.

### Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., August 17, 1868.

River unchanged. Weather clear; thermometer eighty to-day. MC.

### Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., August 17, 1868.

River stationary, with scant three feet water in the channel. Weather warm and clear. C.

### Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, August 17.—River on a stand, with four feet in the canal. Clear and warm.

## RIVER NEWS.

THE towboat Liberty No. 3, is offered for sale in Cincinnati.

THE receipts of Dunkard oil are on the increase. By the Monongahela route 73 barrels were received on Saturday.

THE towboat No. 2 and barges are announced for Wheeling and Parkersburg on Wednesday at noon. Shippers will bear this in mind.

IN TOWN—The famous boat builder and contractor, J. N. Lumden, Esq., he is stopping at the Monongahela House. He is in the enjoyment of excellent health. Long may it continue.

THE Cincinnati Gazette says: There is talk of organizing an "Independent line" of steamers to ply between here and St. Louis, in opposition to the Express Line.

THE following steamers are laid up at Cincinnati waiting for new wheels: The Emma Graham, Argosy and Hebert. Strange, but all these wheels are broken in nearly the same part.

IT is stated that the steamer M. Burns